

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This chapter provides the conclusions of the study. Some recommendations for further research in the same field are discussed.

5.1 Conclusions

The research aims to analyse the floutings of Grice's Cooperative Principle and its conversational maxims in the Democrazy political programs. In addition, the perlocutionary effects on the casts were examined. The results obtained from the analysis of this research led to draw a number of conclusions. First, this study reveals that all types of conversational maxims, namely the maxims of quality, maxim of quantity, maxim of manner, and maxim of relevance were flouted by the casts in Democrazy political comedy programs. Taking consideration after analyzing all the dialogues, the highest flouting occurred in the maxims of quality (38.28%), then it was followed by the maxims of manner (34.56), maxims of quantity (13.58) and maxims of relevance (13.58). Pertaining to the results, the flouting of the maxims of quality is in the first rank because the casts created the jokes by giving false information.

Although the floutings of Grice CP Maxims occurred in the Democrazy program, but the presenter managed to fully deliver the content of the message. The floutings were made only to create fresh jokes in the middle of delivering the serious issues presented by the casts. However, the floutings occurred in serious

talkshows conducted by experts gave a less information. The floutings produced by experts in this program often did not have a clear implicature. Probably they did so for the sake of concealing the truth. As a whole, one of the keys that made this serious programs funny and not monotonous was the jokes that arose from the floutings of Grice CP Maxims.

As for the second conclusion, this research reveals that the of floutings of Grice's CP Maxims produced many perlocutionary effects on the casts. The occurrences of the perlocutionary effects depend on the contexts. They could be amusing effects, surprising, confirming and alarming. The most frequently occurring perlocutionary effect is confirming. In determining the perlocutionary effects on the casts, the indications were examined on the response of the interlocutors. Therefore, the conversations could produce the perlocutionary effects on the interlocutors.

As a whole, the occurrences of flouting of conversational maxims may produce both positive and negative results in the conversation among the casts and the program flows. The positive effects of such floutings may create the amusing flows of the program through the jokes that arise from floutings of the maxim of quality, maxim of quantity, maxim of manner and maxim of relevance. Therefore, the program is not monotonous and the casts could improve their acts to create humorous effects. However these floutings could create negative effects, namely the experts in this program were not able to convey their ideas in a straightforward manner because of interruptions made by the hosts. In addition, the hosts did not

immediately convey their ideas because they wanted to exploit the topics to produce jokes,

Finally, from the perspective of the programs, the combination of the serious program and funny jokes is the fresh idea to deliver the latest political issues in the country. Therefore, the people would be more interested to watch the program. Creating the jokes through the flouting of Grice's of Cooperative Principle and its conversational maxims is the spirit of the programs to offer humorous effects of the serious topics.

5.2 Recommendations

There are several recommendations for further studies in this field. First, further research can be undertaken by replicating the same study for other political programs. Then, further research of the perlocutionary effects is important to be conducted to provide a wide and in depth understanding about this theory.

I hope that this research will be useful and offer significance benefit to many students and researchers who work in the field of pragmatics.