

**ANALISIS PROFIL LITERASI ENERGI MAHASISWA CALON GURU
VOKASI**

TESIS

**Diajukan untuk Memenuhi Salah Satu Syarat
Memperoleh Gelar Magister Pendidikan Teknologi dan Kejuruan**



**Disusun oleh:
Iis Rahmania Putri (2010425)**

**PROGRAM STUDI PENDIDIKAN TEKNOLOGI DAN KEJURUAN
SEKOLAH PASCASARJANA
UNIVERSITAS PENDIDIKAN INDONESIA
2022**

ANALISIS PROFIL LITERASI ENERGI MAHASISWA CALON GURU VOKASI

Oleh
Iis Rahmania Putri
2010425

Sebuah Tesis yang diajukan untuk memenuhi salah satu syarat memperoleh gelar
Magister Pendidikan (M.Pd.) pada Program Studi Pendidikan Teknologi dan
Kejuruan

© Iis Rahmania Putri
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia
Agustus 2022

Hak Cipta dilindungi undang-undang.
Tesis ini tidak boleh diperbanyak seluruhnya atau sebagian,
dengan dicetak ulang, difoto kopi, atau cara lainnya tanpa ijin dari penulis.

LEMBAR PENGESAHAN

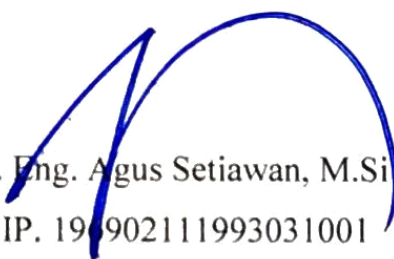
IIS RAHMANIA PUTRI

2010425

**ANALISIS PROFIL LITERASI ENERGI MAHASISWA CALON GURU
VOKASI**

disetujui dan disahkan oleh pembimbing:

Pembimbing



Dr. Eng. Agus Setiawan, M.Si
NIP. 196902111993031001

Mengetahui,

Ketua Program Studi Pendidikan Teknologi dan Kejuruan



Prof. Dr. Ade Gafar Abdullah, M.Si
NIP. 197211131999031001

ABSTRAK

Kajian mengenai literasi energi banyak diteliti oleh peneliti terdahulu. Sejumlah peneliti telah mengkaji tentang literasi energi di kalangan masyarakat, siswa sekolah menengah, mahasiswa perguruan tinggi, tenaga pendidik dan orang tua siswa. Namun, belum ditemukan kajian tentang literasi energi pada calon guru vokasi. Padahal calon guru vokasi memiliki peran penting untuk menanamkan konsep literasi energi dan mempersiapkan siswa agar memiliki pengetahuan dan keterampilan teknis, kepekaan dan kesadaran, serta bijak dan bertanggung jawab dalam menggunakan energi. Oleh karena itu, dalam penelitian ini penulis bertujuan untuk mengkaji profil literasi energi mahasiswa calon guru vokasi ditinjau dari 3 domain literasi energi yaitu pengetahuan, sikap dan perilaku. Kemudian mengkaji perbedaan literasi energi mahasiswa calon guru berdasarkan variasi kelompok jenis kelamin, bidang keilmuan IPA dan Teknik, dan asal prodi. Dilanjutkan dengan kajian tentang arah dan kekuatan hubungan antara 3 domain literasi energi. Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan kuantitatif dengan desain deskriptif-komparatif, yang dilakukan pada 234 mahasiswa dari 6 prodi Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia. Hasil yang diperoleh ternyata pengetahuan literasi energi mahasiswa calon guru vokasi berada pada level rendah dengan ketercapaian 44,5%, sikap pada level tinggi dengan ketercapaian 83,4%, dan perilaku pada level sedang dengan ketercapaian 65,3%. Kemudian berdasarkan kelompok jenis kelamin, mahasiswa wanita lebih unggul pada domain pengetahuan dan sikap, namun mahasiswa pria lebih unggul pada domain perilaku. Berdasarkan bidang keilmuan, kelompok IPA lebih unggul pada domain pengetahuan dan sikap, namun kelompok Teknik unggul pada domain perilaku. Sedangkan berdasarkan asal prodi diketahui bahwa mahasiswa ke-6 prodi mendapatkan konten energi dari matakuliah yang berbeda dan hasil literasi energi mereka dipengaruhi oleh faktor perbedaan isi dan kedalaman konten energi yang diberikan oleh masing-masing prodi. Selanjutnya hasil analisis hubungan antara 3 domain literasi energi diperoleh hasil domain sikap memiliki hubungan positif yang signifikan dengan domain pengetahuan dan perilaku. Berdasarkan hasil penelitian ini, perguruan tinggi dapat mengembangkan model pendidikan dan pembelajaran literasi energi untuk mahasiswa calon guru vokasi. Perguruan tinggi perlu memperhatikan kebutuhan, isi, dan kedalaman konten energi pada masing-masing prodi, terutama prodi yang masuk kualifikasi sebagai calon guru SMK Program Keahlian Teknik Energi Terbarukan. Perguruan tinggi juga dapat mempertimbangkan untuk membuka jurusan atau prodi baru khusus energi baru dan terbarukan untuk memenuhi kebutuhan pendidik di SMK Program Keahlian Teknik Energi Terbarukan.

Kata Kunci: Pendidikan Energi, Literasi Energi, Calon Guru Vokasi

ABSTRACT

Studies on energy literacy have been much researched by previous researchers. A number of researchers have studied energy literacy among the community, high school students, college students, educators and parents of students. However, no studies have been found on energy literacy in vocational teacher candidate. While vocational teacher candidate has an important contribute to embed the concept of energy literacy and prepare students to have technical knowledge and skills, sensitivity and awareness, as well as be wise and responsible in using energy. Therefore, in this study, the author aims to examine the energy literacy profile of vocational teacher candidate in terms of 3 domains of energy literacy, namely knowledge, attitudes and behavior. Then examine the differences energy literacy of vocational teacher candidate based on variations in sex groups, science and engineering scientific fields, and the field of study programs. Continued with a study of the direction and strength of the relationship between the 3 domains of energy literacy. This research uses a quantitative approach with a descriptive-comparative design, which was conducted on 234 respondents from 6 study programs of the Indonesian University of Education. The results obtained turned out that the energy literacy knowledge of vocational teacher candidates was at a low level with an achievement of 44.5%, an attitude at a high level with an achievement of 83.4%, and behavior at a moderate level with an achievement of 65.3%. Then based on gender groups, female group have better knowledge and attitudes, but male group have better behavior. Based on the scientific field, the science group have better knowledge and attitudes, but the Engineering group have better behavior. Meanwhile, based on the field of the study program, it is known that vocational teacher candidate get energy content from different courses and their energy literacy results are affected by differences in the content and depth of energy content provided by each study program. Furthermore, the results of the analysis of the relationship between the 3 domains of energy literacy obtained the results of the attitude domain having a significant positive relationship with the domain of knowledge and behavior. Based on the results of this study, universities can develop models of energy literacy education and learning for vocational teacher candidate. Universities need to pay attention to the needs, content, and depth of energy content in each study program, especially study programs that qualify as teacher candidate of SMK renewable energy engineering expertise program. Universities may also consider opening new majors or study programs specifically for new and renewable energy to fulfill the needs of educators in the SMK renewable energy engineering expertise program.

Keywords: Energy Education, Energy Literacy, Vocational Teacher Candidates

DAFTAR ISI

LEMBAR PENGESAHAN	ii
LEMBAR PERNYATAAN	iii
UCAPAN TERIMA KASIH.....	iv
ABSTRAK	v
ABSTRACT.....	vi
DAFTAR ISI.....	vii
DAFTAR TABEL.....	ix
DAFTAR GAMBAR	x
DAFTAR LAMPIRAN	xi
BAB I PENDAHULUAN	1
1.1. Latar Belakang	1
1.2. Rumusan Masalah	4
1.3. Tujuan Penelitian.....	4
1.4. Manfaat Penelitian.....	5
1.5. Struktur Organisasi Tesis	5
BAB II KAJIAN PUSTAKA	6
2.1. Transisi Energi	6
2.2. Sisi Positif Transisi Energi	8
2.3. Pendidikan Energi	9
2.4. Literasi Energi	11
2.5. Kaitan Transisi Energi dengan Pendidikan Literasi Energi dan Literasi Energi	13
BAB III METODE PENELITIAN.....	15
3.1. Paradigma Penelitian	15
3.2. Desain Penelitian	16
3.3. Responden Penelitian	16
3.4. Populasi dan Sampel	17
3.6. Instrumen Penelitian.....	18
3.7. Analisis Data	20
BAB IV HASIL DAN PEMBAHASAN	22

4.1.	Validasi Instrumen Penelitian	22
4.2	Sebaran Responden Penelitian	23
4.3.	Hasil Penelitian.....	24
4.3.1.	Domain Pengetahuan	24
4.3.2.	Domain Sikap.....	29
4.3.3.	Domain Perilaku.....	34
4.3.4.	Analisis Hubungan Antara Tiga Domain Pada Literasi Energi	40
4.4.	Pembahasan	42
BAB V SIMPULAN, IMPLIKASI DAN REKOMENDASI		50
5.1.	Simpulan.....	50
5.2.	Implikasi	51
5.3.	Rekomendasi	52
DAFTAR PUSTAKA		54
LAMPIRAN.....		62

DAFTAR TABEL

Tabel 2. 1 Kerangka Literasi Energi	12
Tabel 3. 1 Kualifikasi Pendidikan Calon Tenaga Pendidik SMK.....	16
Tabel 3. 3 Kisi-Kisi Instrumen Penelitian.....	18
Tabel 3. 4 Kategori Kekuatan Hubungan Spearman Rank	21
Tabel 4. 1 Hasil Uji Validasi Konstruksi	22
Tabel 4. 2 Sebaran Responden Penelitian	23
Tabel 4. 3 Pengukuran Gejala Pusat Domain Pengetahuan	24
Tabel 4. 4 Tingkat Capaian Jawaban Responden Pada Domain Pengetahuan	25
Tabel 4. 5 Literasi Energi Domain Pengetahuan Per-Indikator	25
Tabel 4. 6 Domain Pengetahuan Berdasarkan Jenis Kelamin.....	27
Tabel 4. 7 Domain Pengetahuan Berdasarkan Prodi.....	28
Tabel 4. 8 Domain Pengetahuan Berdasarkan Bidang Keilmuan	29
Tabel 4. 9 Pengukuran Gejala Pusat Domain Sikap	29
Tabel 4. 10 Tingkat Capaian Jawaban Responden Pada Domain Sikap.....	30
Tabel 4. 11 Domain Sikap Berdasarkan Jenis Kelamin	32
Tabel 4. 12 Domain Sikap Berdasarkan Bidang Keilmuan	33
Tabel 4. 13 Domain Sikap Berdasarkan Prodi	34
Tabel 4. 14 Pengukuran Gejala Pusat Domain Perilaku	35
Tabel 4. 15 Tingkat Capaian Jawaban Responden Pada Domain Perilaku.....	35
Tabel 4. 16 Domain Perilaku Berdasarkan Jenis Kelamin.....	38
Tabel 4. 17 Domain Perilaku Berdasarkan Bidang Keilmuan	39
Tabel 4. 18 Domain Perilaku Berdasarkan Prodi.....	40
Tabel 4. 19 Hubungan Antara Tiga Domain Literasi Energi	41

DAFTAR GAMBAR

Gambar 2. 1 Alur Hubungan Transisi Energi dengan Pendidikan Literasi Energi dan Literasi Energi	14
Gambar 3. 1 Skema Paradigma Penelitian	15
Gambar 4. 1 Sebaran Jawaban Domain Pengetahuan	26
Gambar 4. 2 Sebaran Jawaban Responden Domain Sikap (Indikator 1)	30
Gambar 4. 3 Sebaran Jawaban Responden Domain Sikap (Indikator 2)	31
Gambar 4. 4 Sebaran Jawaban Responden Domain Sikap (Indikator 3)	32
Gambar 4. 5 Sebaran Jawaban Responden Domain Perilaku (Indikator 1)	36
Gambar 4. 6 Sebaran Jawaban Responden Domain Perilaku (Indikator 1)	37
Gambar 4. 7 Diagram Interkoleasi Antara Tiga Domain Literasi Energi	42

DAFTAR LAMPIRAN

Lampiran 1. Instrumen Penelitian Domain Pengetahuan.....	62
Lampiran 2. Instrumen Penelitian Domain Sikap Dan Perilaku	68
Lampiran 3. Sebaran Jawaban Responden.....	71
Lampiran 4. Hasil Pengolahan Data.....	104

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Acikgoz, C. (2011). Renewable energy education in Turkey. *Renewable Energy*, 36(2), 608–611. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.renene.2010.08.015>
- Aguirre Bielschowsky, Lawson, R., Stephenson J, dan Todd, S. (2015). Environmental Education Research Energy literacy and agency of New Zealand children. *Environmental Education Research*, July 2015. <https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2015.1054267>
- Al-Marri, W., Al-Habaibeh, A., dan Watkins, M. (2018). An investigation into domestic energy consumption behaviour and public awareness of renewable energy in Qatar. *Sustainable Cities and Society*, 41(January), 639–646. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scs.2018.06.024>
- Alawin, A. A., Rahmeh, T. A., Jaber, J. O., Loubani, S., Dalu, S. A., Awad, W., dan Dalabih, A. (2016). Renewable energy education in engineering schools in Jordan : Existing courses and level of awareness of senior students. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 65, 308–318. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2016.07.003>
- Ali, G., Yan, N., Hussain, J., Xu, L., Huang, Y., Xu, S., dan Cui, S. (2019). Quantitative assessment of energy conservation and renewable energy awareness among variant urban communities of Xiamen, China. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 109(November 2018), 230–238. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2019.04.028>
- Assali, A., Khatib, T., dan Najjar, A. (2019). Renewable energy awareness among future generation of Palestine. *Renewable Energy*, 136, 254–263. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.renene.2019.01.007>
- Blasch, J., Boogen, N., Daminato, C., dan Filippini, M. (2018). Empower the Consumer! Energy-Related Financial Literacy and its Socioeconomic Determinants. *SSRN Electronic Journal*, May. <https://doi.org/10.2139/ssrn.3175874>
- Blasch, J., Boogen, N., Filippini, M., dan Kumar, N. (2017). Explaining electricity demand and the role of energy and investment literacy on end-use efficiency of Swiss households. *Energy Economics*, 68, 89–102.

- <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.eneco.2017.12.004>
- Blasch, J., Filippini, M., dan Kumar, N. (2019). Boundedly rational consumers , energy and investment literacy , and the display of information on household appliances &. *Resource and Energy Economics*, 56, 39–58.
- <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.reseneeco.2017.06.001>
- Broek, K. L. Van Den. (2019). Energy Research & Social Science Household energy literacy : A critical review and a conceptual typology. *Energy Research & Social Science*, 57(April), 101256.
- <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.erss.2019.101256>
- Buldur, S., Bursal, M., Yalcin, N., dan Yucel, E. (2020). The impact of an outdoor education project on middle school students ' perceptions and awareness of the renewable energy. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 134(December 2019), 110364. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2020.110364>
- Chen, S. J., Chou, Y. C., Yen, H. Y., dan Chao, Y. L. (2015). Investigating and structural modeling energy literacy of high school students in Taiwan. *Energy Efficiency*, 8(4), 791–808. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12053-015-9327-5>
- Cotton, D. R. E., Zhai, J., Miller, W., Valle, L. D., dan Winter, J. (2021). Reducing energy demand in China and the United Kingdom : The importance of energy literacy. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 278, 123876. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2020.123876>
- Cotton, D., Shiel, C., dan Paço, A. (2016). Energy saving on campus: A comparison of students' attitudes and reported behaviours in the UK and Portugal. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 129, 586–595. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2016.03.136>
- Derasid, N. A. C., Tahir, L. M., Musta'amal, A. H., Abu Bakar, Z., Mohtaram, N., Rosmin, N., dan Ali, M. F. (2021). Knowledge, awareness and understanding of the practice and support policies on renewable energy: Exploring the perspectives of in-service teachers and polytechnics lecturers. *Energy Reports*, 7, 3410–3427. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.egyr.2021.05.031>
- Dewaters, J. E., dan Powers, S. E. (2011). Energy literacy of secondary students in New York State (USA): A measure of knowledge , affect , and behavior.

- Energy Policy*, 39(3), 1699–1710.
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.enpol.2010.12.049>
- DeWaters, J., dan Powers, S. (2008). Energy literacy among middle and high school youth. *Proceedings - Frontiers in Education Conference, FIE*, 6–11.
<https://doi.org/10.1109/FIE.2008.4720280>
- DeWaters, J., dan Powers, S. (2013). Establishing measurement criteria for an energy literacy questionnaire. *The Journal of Environmental Education*, 44(1), 38–55.
- DeWaters, J., Powers, S., dan Graham, M. (2007). Developing an energy literacy scale. *ASEE Annual Conference and Exposition, Conference Proceedings*.
<https://doi.org/10.18260/1-2--2076>
- Djurisic, V., Smolovic, J. C., Misnic, N., dan Rogic, S. (2020). Analysis of public attitudes and perceptions towards renewable energy sources in Montenegro. *Energy Reports*, 6(April), 395–403.
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.egyr.2020.08.059>
- Fang, X., Wang, L., Sun, C., Zheng, X., dan Wei, J. (2021). Gap between words and actions : Empirical study on consistency of residents supporting renewable energy development in China. *Energy Policy*, 148(PA), 111945.
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.enpol.2020.111945>
- Fuchs, W. (2012). The New Global Responsibilities of Engineers Create Challenges for Engineering Education. *Journal of Education for Sustainable Development*, 6(1), 111–113. <https://doi.org/10.1177/097340821100600117>
- Gielen, D., Gorini, R., Wagner, N., Leme, R., Gutierrez, L., Prakash, G., Durrant, P., Janeiro, L., dan Winter, J. (2018). Global energy transformation: a roadmap to 2050. In *Global Energy Transformation. A Roadmap to 2050*. international renewable energy agency.
- Gielen, D., Saygin, D., dan Rigger, J. (2017). Renewable Energy Prospects: Indonesia, a REmap analysis. In *International Renewable Energy Agency (IRENA)* (Nomor March). <http://www.irena.org/remap>
- Guyen, G., dan Sulun, Y. (2017). Pre-service teachers ' knowledge and awareness about renewable energy. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 80(January), 663–668. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2017.05.286>

- Horst, D. Van Der, Harrison, C., Staddon, S., Wood, G., Horst, D. Van Der, Harrison, C., Staddon, S., dan Wood, G. (2016). *Improving energy literacy through student-led fieldwork – at home*. 8265(April).
<https://doi.org/10.1080/03098265.2015.1089477>
- IRENA. (2016). *Renewable Energy Outlook for ASEAN*.
<https://doi.org/10.1787/weo-2017-7-en>
- IRENA. (2019a). Energy Profile : China. In *IRENA STATISTIC DATABASE*.
<https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.e02112>
- IRENA. (2019b). Energy Profile : Germany. In *IRENA STATISTIC DATABASE*.
<https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.e02112>
- IRENA. (2019c). energy profile : UNITED KINGDOM. In *IRENA STATISTIC DATABASE*. <https://doi.org/10.1111/2047-8852.12164>
- IRENA. (2020). *Global Renewables Outlook: Energy Transformation 2050*.
- Irfan, M., Hao, Y., Ikram, M., Wu, H., Akram, R., dan Rauf, A. (2021). Assessment of the public acceptance and utilization of renewable energy in Pakistan. *Sustainable Production and Consumption*, 27, 312–324.
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.spc.2020.10.031>
- Kacan, E. (2015). Renewable energy awareness in vocational and technical education. *Renewable Energy*, 76, 126–134.
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.renene.2014.11.013>
- Kadir. (2019). *Statistika terapan : konsep, contoh dan analisis data dengan program SPSS/Lisler dalam penelitian* (3 ed.). Rajawali Pers.
- Kalmi, P., Trotta, G., dan Kazukauskas, A. (2017). The Role of energy literacy as a component of financial literacy: survey – based evidence from Finland. *15th IAEE European Conference*, 21pp.
https://www.eeg.tuwien.ac.at/conference/iaee2017/files/paper/381_Kalmi_fuIpaper_2017-09-01_14-52.pdf
- Kandpal, T. C., dan Broman, L. (2014). Renewable energy education: A global status review. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 34, 300–324.
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2014.02.039>
- Khambalkar, V. P., Katkhede, S. S., Dahatonde, S., Korpe, N. D., dan Nage, S. M. (2010). Renewable energy: An assessment of public awareness. *International*

- Journal of Ambient Energy*, March 2015, 37–41.
<https://doi.org/10.1080/01430750.2010.9675112>
- Komendantova, N. (2021). Transferring awareness into action: A meta-analysis of the behavioral drivers of energy transitions in Germany, Austria, Finland, Morocco, Jordan and Iran. *Energy Research and Social Science*, 71, 101826.
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.erss.2020.101826>
- Ledley, T. S., Gold, A. U., Niepold, F., Mccaffrey, M., Shapiro, T., Gold, A. U., Niepold, F., Mccaffrey, M., Ledley, T. S., Gold, A. U., Niepold, F., dan Mccaffrey, M. (2018). *Moving Toward Collective Impact in Climate Change Literacy : The Climate Literacy and Energy Awareness Network (CLEAN) Moving Toward Collective Impact in Climate Change Literacy : The Climate Literacy and Energy Awareness Network (CLEAN)*. 9995.
<https://doi.org/10.5408/13-057.1>
- Lee, L., Chang, L., Lai, C., dan Guu, Y. (2016). *Energy literacy of vocational students in Taiwan*. 4622(April).
<https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2015.1068276>
- Lee, L., Lee, Y., Altschuld, J. W., dan Pan, Y. (2015). Energy literacy : Evaluating knowledge , affect , and behavior of students in Taiwan. *Energy Policy*, 76, 98–106. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.enpol.2014.11.012>
- Lee, L., Lee, Y., Wu, M., dan Pan, Y. (2019). A study of energy literacy among nursing students to examine implications on energy conservation efforts in Taiwan. *Energy Policy*, 135(December 2017), 111005.
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.enpol.2019.111005>
- Mah, D. N., Tong, K., Kong, H., dan Hills, P. (2014). *Collaborative governance for technological innovation : a comparative case study of wind energy in Xinjiang , Shanghai , and Guangdong*. 32, 509–529.
<https://doi.org/10.1068/c11101>
- Malkki, H., dan Alanne, K. (2017). An overview of life cycle assessment (LCA) and research-based teaching in renewable and sustainable energy education. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews journal*, 69(November 2016), 218–231. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2016.11.176>
- Martins, A., Madaleno, M., dan Dias, M. F. (2020). ScienceDirect Energy literacy

- assessment among Portuguese university members : Knowledge , attitude , and behavior. *Energy Reports*, 6, 243–249.
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.egyr.2020.11.117>
- Martins, A., Madaleno, M., dan Ferreira, M. (2020). ScienceDirect Energy literacy : What is out there to know ? *Energy Reports*, 6, 454–459.
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.egyr.2019.09.007>
- Md Ghazali, N. H. (2016). A Reliability and Validity of an Instrument to Evaluate the School-Based Assessment System: A Pilot Study. *International Journal of Evaluation and Research in Education (IJERE)*, 5(2), 148.
<https://doi.org/10.11591/ijere.v5i2.4533>
- Nurdiansyah. (2020). *Analisis Literasi Energi Siswa SMK Program Keahlian Teknik Ketenagalistrikan*. SEKOLAH PASCASARJANA, UNIVERSITAS PENDIDIKAN INDONESIA.
- Ocetkiewicz, I., Tomaszewska, B., dan Mróz, A. (2017). Renewable energy in education for sustainable development . The Polish experience. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 80(September 2016), 92–97.
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2017.05.144>
- Oluoch, S., Lal, P., Susaeta, A., dan Vedwan, N. (2020). Assessment of public awareness , acceptance and attitudes towards renewable energy in Kenya . *Scientific African*, 9, e00512. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.sciaf.2020.e00512>
- Pekez, J., Radovanovc, L., Desnica, E., dan Lambic, M. (2016). The increase of exploitability of renewable energy sources. *ENERGY SOURCES, PART B: ECONOMICS, PLANNING, AND POLICY*, 11(1), 51–57.
<https://doi.org/10.1080/15567249.2011.580318>
- Putri, I. R., dan Setiawan, A. (2021). How Important Energy Awareness in Vocational Education to Support Energy Transition. *Proceedings of the 4th International Conference on Innovation in Engineering and Vocational Education (ICIEVE 2021)*.
<https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.2991/assehr.k.220305.017>
- Qazi, A., Hussain, F., Rahim, N. A., Hardaker, G., Alghazzawi, D., Shaban, K., dan Haruna, K. (2019). Towards Sustainable Energy : A Systematic Review of Renewable Energy Sources , Technologies , and Public Opinions. *IEEE*, 7,

- 63837–63851. <https://doi.org/10.1109/ACCESS.2019.2906402>
- Qazi, A., dan Rahim, N. A. (2020). PUBLIC OPINIONS TOWARDS ACCEPTANCE AND AWARENESS OF RENEWABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES. *IEEE*.
- Ruiz-Rivas, U., Martinez-Crespo, J., Venegas, M., dan Chinchilla-Sanchez, M. (2020). Energy engineering curricula for sustainable development, considering underserved areas. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 258, 120960. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2020.120960>
- Santoso, S. (2003). *Statistik deskriptif: konsep dan aplikasi dengan Ms. excel dan SPSS*. Yogyakarta : Andi.
- Sugiyono. (2017). *Metode penelitian Kuantitatif, Kualitatif, R&D*. alfabeta bandung.
- Sugiyono, dan Susanto, A. (2015). *Cara mudah belajar SPSS & Lisler : Teori dan aplikasi untuk analisis data penelitian*. Alfabeta Bandung.
- Tabassum, Z., dan Yasmin, S. (2017). *Level of Awareness on Environment and Energy ; A Survey of the Freshmen at Habib University*. 118–122.
- Tan, Y., dan Uprasen, U. (2021). Carbon neutrality potential of the ASEAN-5 countries: Implications from asymmetric effects of income inequality on renewable energy consumption. *Journal of Environmental Management*, 299(September). <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvman.2021.113635>
- Thürer, M., Tomašević, I., Stevenson, M., Qu, T., dan Huisingsh, D. (2018). A systematic review of the literature on integrating sustainability into engineering curricula. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 181, 608–617. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2017.12.130>
- UNESCO-UNEVOC. (2017). *Greening Technical and Vocational Education and Training*.
- Vakulchuk, R., Overland, I., dan Scholten, D. (2019). Renewable energy and geopolitics : A review. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, October, 109547. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2019.109547>
- Yusup, M., dan Setiawan, A. (2015). Energy literacy: the need to assess it among Indonesian students. In T. Hidayat, Munir, A. Widodo, W. Sopandi, R. Rosjanuardi, A. Jupri, A. B. D. Nandiyanto, Nahadi, A. Fitriani, L. Hasanah,

- P. Sinaga, A. Setiawan, I. R. Suwarna, & L. S. Riza (Ed.), *Proceedings international seminar on mathematics, science, and computer science education* (hal. 765–770). Faculty of Mathematics and Science Education Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia.
- Zafar, M. W., Sinha, A., Ahmed, Z., Qin, Q., dan Zaidi, S. A. H. (2021). Effects of biomass energy consumption on environmental quality: The role of education and technology in Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation countries. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 142*(2001).
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2021.110868>
- Zakaria, S. U., Basri, S., Kamarudin, S. K., dan Majid, N. A. A. (2019). Public Awareness Analysis on Renewable Energy in Malaysia. *IOP Conference Series: Earth and Environmental Science, 268*(1).
<https://doi.org/10.1088/1755-1315/268/1/012105>
- Zhang, J., dan Zhang, Y. (2020). Examining the energy literacy of tourism peasant households in rural tourism destinations. *Asia Pacific Journal of Tourism Research, 1665*. <https://doi.org/10.1080/10941665.2020.1741410>