# THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE MAIN MALE CHARACTER'S MASCULINITY IN TWO VERSIONS OF LITTLE WOMEN

### A Research Paper

Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for *Sarjana Sastra* Degree of English Language and Literature Study Program



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#### PAGE OF APPROVAL

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### STATEMENT OF AUTHORIZATION

I hereby acknowledge that this paper entitled *The Construction of The Main Male Character's Masculinity in Two Versions of Little Women* as the final result of my work. I am fully aware that I have cited several statements and ideas from various sources. All quotations are acknowledged and appropriately stated.

Bandung, December 2021

Syahla Jilan Safitri

#### **PREFACE**

I submit this study entitled *The Construction of The Main Male Character's Masculinity in Two Versions of Little Women* as partial fulfillment of the requirements for *Sarjana Sastra* Degree. I hope this study could contribute on further research in literature, especially in the film analysis studies. The writer is well aware that this study is still lacking in some aspects. Therefore, any criticisms and recommendations will be appreciated.

Syahla Jilan Safitri

#### **ABSTRACT**

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The practice of adaptation has become commonplace in literary works, including the film industry. One of the most widely adapted works is the *Little Women* novel which has been adapted into at least six films from 1917 to 2019. The number of adaptations makes the audience see different versions of the same character. This study aims to investigate the construction of Laurie as the main male character in two versions of Little Women films directed by woman, which are Little Women (Armstrong, 1994) and Little Women (Gerwig, 2019). Using a qualitativedescriptive approach, this study employs Boggs and Petrie's (2012) theory of characterization, masculinity theory by Connell (2005), and some of the cinematic aspects (i.e., mise-en-scene and camera works) proposed by Bordwell and Thompson (2008). The findings of this study reveal that Laurie's character in both versions has the fluidity of masculinity, in which Laurie's character is able to change his masculinity within the same film from hegemonic to complicit depending on the situation in the films, especially when Jo's character is around him. Moreover, Laurie in the former version is portrayed to be more complicit while Laurie in the latter version shows the hegemonic traits more often.

**Keywords:** Characterization, complicit masculinity, hegemonic masculinity, Little Women

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