

**HUBUNGAN ANTARA PERSEPSI ANAK TERHADAP POLA ASUH ORANG TUA
DENGAN PERILAKU PERUNDUNGAN (*BULLYING*)**

Studi Korelasional Terhadap Siswa Kelas VII, VIII dan IX MTs Daarul Arqom Majalengka

Tahun Ajaran 2020/2021

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Sarjana Pendidikan Departemen Psikologi Pendidikan dan Bimbingan



oleh

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2020**

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Sebuah skripsi yang diajukan untuk memenuhi salah satu syarat memperoleh gelar
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ABSTRAK

Pebrina Irma Yanti. (2020). Hubungan Antara Persepsi Anak Terhadap Pola Asuh Orang Tua dengan Perilaku Perundungan (*Bullying*) Studi Korelasional Terhadap Siswa Kelas VII, VIII dan IX MTs Daarul Arqom Majalengka Tahun Ajaran 2020/2021

Penelitian ini dilatarbelakangi oleh banyaknya perilaku perundungan (*bullying*) yang terjadi di sekolah. Perundungan (*bullying*) merupakan masalah sosial yang menyebar di sekolah-sekolah dan membutuhkan solusi komprehensif (Mitchell, 2018). Hampir setiap hari di ruang kelas atau di tempat bermain sekolah siswa seringkali diganggu oleh temannya (Etgerton, 2016). KPAI mencatat bahwa perilaku perundungan merupakan kasus yang terus meningkat. Tujuan dari penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui hubungan antara persepsi anak terhadap pola asuh orang tua dengan perilaku perundungan (*bullying*). Metode yang digunakan adalah metode korelasional dengan pendekatan kuantitatif. Instrumen yang digunakan yaitu berupa kuesioner dengan menggunakan skala *likert*. Penelitian dilakukan kepada 78 siswa kelas VII, VIII, dan IX MTs Daarul Arqom Majalengka Tahun Ajaran 2020/2021. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa persepsi anak terhadap pola asuh *authoritarian*, *indulgent* dan *indifferent* berkorelasi dengan perilaku perundungan (*bullying*) ditunjukan oleh nilai $p < 0.05$ yang berarti H_0 ditolak. Sedangkan pola asuh *authoritative* tidak memiliki hubungan dengan perilaku perundungan karena nilai $p > 0.05$.

Kata Kunci : pola asuh orang tua, perundungan (*bullying*).

ABSTRACT

Pebrina Irma Yanti. (2020). The Relationship Between Children's Perceptions of Parental Parenting and Bullying Behavior Correlational Study of Class VII, VIII and IX Students of MTs Daarul Arqom Majalengka Academic Year 2020/2021

This research is motivated by a lot of bullying behavior that occurs in schools. Bullying is a social problem that spreads in schools and requires a comprehensive solution (Mitchell, 2018). Almost every day in the classroom or at the school playground, students are often harassed by their friends (Etgerton, 2016). The KPAI notes that bullying behavior is an increasing case. The purpose of this study was to determine the relationship between children's perceptions of parenting and bullying. The method used is a correlational method with a quantitative approach. The instrument used was a questionnaire using a Likert scale. The research was conducted on 78 students of grades VII, VIII, and IX at MTs Daarul Arqom Majalengka in the 2020/2021 academic year. The results showed that children's perceptions of authoritarian, indulgent and indifferent parenting were correlated with bullying, indicated by a p value <0.05, which means that H_0 was rejected. Meanwhile, authoritative parenting has no relationship with bullying because the p value is > 0.05.

Keywords: parenting style, bullying.

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