

PEMBUATAN DAN KARAKTERISASI KERAMIK FILM TEBAL  
 $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  UNTUK SENSOR GAS ETANOL DENGAN  
MEMANFAATKAN  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  HASIL EKSTRAKSI DARI MINERAL YAROSIT

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**ABSTRAK**

Fabrikasi keramik film tebal  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  menggunakan  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  hasil ekstraksi dari mineral yarosit sebagai sensor gas etanol telah berhasil dilakukan. Penggunaan  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  hasil ekstraksi dari mineral yarosit sebagai bahan dasar dalam penelitian ini dilakukan untuk meningkatkan nilai tambah mineral yarosit. Serbuk  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  hasil ekstraksi dari mineral yarosit dan 10% mol CaO dilarutkan dalam pelarut HCl 10 M, serta serbuk  $\text{LaCl}_3 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$  dilarutkan dalam pelarut aquades. Selanjutnya campuran larutan tersebut ditambahkan sejumlah  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$  hingga pH larutan 8 untuk menghasilkan endapan  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$ . Endapan  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  dikeringkan pada temperatur  $100^\circ\text{C}$  kemudian dikalsinasi pada temperatur  $800^\circ\text{C}$  selama 2 jam untuk menghasilkan serbuk  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$ . Serbuk  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  digerus untuk menghasilkan serbuk berukuran nanopartikel. Serbuk  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  yang sudah digerus dicampur *Organic Vehicle* (OV) untuk menghasilkan pasta  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$ . Menggunakan teknik *screen printing*, pasta  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  dilapiskan diatas substrat alumina ( $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ ) kemudian dibakar pada temperatur  $600^\circ\text{C}$  selama 2 jam untuk menghasilkan keramik film tebal  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$ . Berdasarkan data hasil karakterisasi XRD (*X-Ray Diffraction*), keramik film tebal  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  berhasil dibuat meskipun ada sebagian  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  tidak bereaksi. Hasil foto SEM (*Scanning Electron Microscope*) menunjukkan bahwa ukuran butir keramik film tebal  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  hampir seragam, serta terdapat banyak pori (struktur poros). Pengukuran karakteristik listrik keramik sensor gas berbasis  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  menunjukkan respon yang baik terhadap adanya gas etanol. Hasil karakterisasi sifat listrik memperlihatkan bahwa keramik film tebal  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  memiliki nilai sensitivitas listrik tinggi serta temperatur kerja optimal yang rendah yaitu dalam rentang  $290^\circ\text{C} - 295^\circ\text{C}$ .

Kata Kunci :  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$ , Sensor Gas; Etanol; Keramik Film tebal; Mineral Yarosit;

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FABRICATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF THICK FILM CERAMICS  
 $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  FOR ETHANOL GAS SENSOR USING EXTRACTION OF  
 $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  FROM YAROSITE MINERALS

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**ABSTRACT**

Fabrication of  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  thick film ceramics using  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  powder extracted from yarosite mineral as ethanol gas sensor has been successfully performed.  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  powder extracted from yarosite mineral as the basic material in this research can increase the added value of yarosite mineral.  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  powder from yarosite mineral and 10% mol of CaO dissolved in HCl 10 M were mixed with  $\text{LaCl}_3 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$  powder dissolved in aquades. The solution of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{LaCl}_3 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$  and CaO mixed and then was precipitated using  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$ . The  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  precipitate was dried at temperature  $100^\circ\text{C}$  and then calcined at temperature  $800^\circ\text{C}$  for 2 hours to produce  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  powder.  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  powder was crushed to produce a nanoparticle-sized powder. Using the screen printing technique, the  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  paste is coated on the alumina substrate ( $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ ) and then fired at  $600^\circ\text{C}$  for 2 hours to produce thick film ceramic of  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$ . Based on XRD (X-Ray Diffraction) characterization data, the thick film ceramics of  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  were successfully made even though some of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  did not reacted. The analysis of thick film ceramics using SEM (Scanning Electron Microscope) showed that the grain size of the thick film ceramics of  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  was almost uniform, and there were many pores (porous structure). Electrical characteristics data of ceramic based gas sensor of  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  showed good response to the presence of ethanol gas. Electrical properties data also showed that the thick film ceramic of  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$  had high electrical sensitivity value and low optimum working temperature that is in the range  $290^\circ\text{C}$  -  $295^\circ\text{C}$ .

Keyword :  $\text{La}_{0,9}\text{Ca}_{0,1}\text{FeO}_3$ ; Gas Sensor; Ethanol; Thick Film Ceramics; Yarosite Mineral;