

ABSTRAK

RifaKurniaAgriyana (2016), PengaruhPenggunaanPendekatan Contextual Teaching and Learning (CTL) terhadapHasilBelajarSiswapadaPembelajaran IPA tentangEnergiPanas

Penelitian dilakukan adanya faktor rendahnya kemampuan berpikir siswa dalam memahami materi Pelajaran IPA, guru yang hanya menggunakan model mengajar secara Konvensional, sehingga menjadikan siswa hanya menghafal bukan memahami informasi materi pelajaran. Pada akhirnya hasil belajar siswa juga rendah. Disini peneliti menggunakan model pendekatan *Contextual Teaching and Learning* (CTL) pada pembelajaran IPA Tentang Energi Panas.pendekatan CTL ini merupakan pendekatan yang menghubungkan materi pelajaran dalam kehidupan nyata siswa (Majid, 2014 hlm. 228). Penelitimen menggunakan metode peneltian Quasi eksperimen, dilaksanakan di SDN Cigabus Kecamatan Taktakan Kota Serang, sampel yang diambil adalah kelas IVa yang dijadikan kelas eksperimen dan kelas IVb yang dijadikan kelas kontrol. Masing-masing tiap kelas tersebut berjumlah 32 siswa. Instrumen pada penelitian ini menggunakan tes soal uraian pendek berjumlah 10 soal. Data hasil temuan pada penelitian ini diolah melalui bantuan program *SPSS Versi 16.0 for windows*. Hasil nilai rata-rata *pre-test* siswa kelas eksperimen diperoleh sebesar 40,62 dan hasil *post-test* kelas eksperimen sebesar 74,25. Kemudian dilakukan Uji normalitas dan homogenitas dengan memperoleh hasil data yang berdistribusi normal dan homogen karena signifikansi data lebih dari 0,05. Selanjutnya dilakukan uji hipotesis menggunakan uji-t dengan nilai signifikansi sebesar 0,00 yang berarti kurang dari 0,05 maka H_0 ditolak, ditarik kesimpulan bahwa nilai *post-test* kelas eksperimen dan kontrol tidak memiliki persamaan nilai rata-rata. Artinya memiliki peningkatan hasil *post-test* siswa yang signifikan.Terakhir menggunakan analisis N-Gain, rata-rata N-Gain kelas eksperimen dengan sebesar 0,58 taraf sedang dan N-Gain kelas kontrol sebesar 0,26 taraf rendah. Dengan demikian, terdapat peningkatan hasil belajar siswa kelas eksperimen dibandingkan kelas kontrol. Maka pada kesimpulannya penggunaanpendekatan CTL pada pembelajaran IPA tentang Energi Panas dapat berpengaruh terhadap hasil belajar Siswa

Kata Kunci:*Contextual Teaching and Learning*, Hasil, Belajar.

ABSTRACT

RifaKurniaAgriyana (1205490) The Influence Of The Use Of The Approach Of Contextual Teaching And Learning (CTL) Against Students Learning Result On IPA About Learning Heat Energy

This research is based on the low ability of students' thought to understand science lesson material. The teacher is only able to use conventional teaching model that caused students only can memorize but they can't understand the information in learning. That's way, students become less active or even passive. Suddenly, the result of learning by students become low too. In order that, the researcher uses approaching model of Contextual Teaching and Learning (CTL) in science lesson about heat energy. This CTL approach is an approach related to between learning material and students' real life (Majid, 2014 chpt.228). This research uses quasi experiment done at SDN Cigabus, Taktakan District, Serang, which the taken sample is IV-A Class students becoming experiment class and IV-B Class students becoming control class. Both class have 32 students. The instrument in this research is using short essay questions with total 10 questions. The data got in this research proceeded by SPSS 16.00 version for windows. Therefore, the result of students pre-test in experiment class is 40,62 and then the result of students pre-test in experiment class got 74,25. Beside that, the researcher does normality and homogeneity test then get the result of data which is normal and homogen because the significance data more than 0,05. And then, it is done with hypothesis test using t-test with significance score 0,00 that means less than 0,05 defined H_0 refused, and the researcher get the conclusion that post-test in experiment class and control class have no similarity average score. So, it means it has increasing score post-test significantly. At last, the researcher uses N-Gain analysis, that got the average N-Gain in experient class 0,58 middle level and N-Gain in control class 0,26 low level. That's way, there is improving students' learning result in experiment class after doing treatment using approaching CTL model compared in control class which only uses conventional learning. Therefore, using approaching CTL model in science lesson about heat energy is able to influence to students' learning result.

Keywords: Contextual Teaching and Learning, result, learning