CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

This chapter presents an introduction of the research paper that describes

background, research questions, aims of the research, significance of the research

and scope of the research. It also talks about clarification of terms; to define

operational terms used in the current research and organization of paper.

1.1 Background

Speaking is basically a medium used to express meaning. For young learners,

speaking is the medium when a new language structure is encountered,

understood and also practiced (Al Hosni, 2014). A young learner might encounter

difficulties speaking in L2, since there are fundamental differences between one's

L1 and L2 (Hojati, 2013). The available literature also shows that a non-native

speaker, especially at the initial and intermediate stages of learning, may find it

difficult in learning to speak in English (Hojati, 2013). As a result, the learners

maintain to code-switch, thinking-for-speaking-patterns in order to prevent

communication breakdowns which result in deviations or 'errors' in speaking

(Robinson and Ellis in Hojati, 2013).

Many literatures currently see the errors produced by learners as a source

for researching the process / strategies used by the learner in learning L2. Nagaraj

(as cited in Hojati, 2013) asserts that errors are no longer just considered as

something 'sinful'. The existence of errors is the inevitable sign of human

weaknesses (Fauziati, 2011). It is inevitable in any learning situation which

requires capability to be creative in learning foreign language. Moreover, Hidayati

(2011) believes that students' errors are parts of a learning process which may

provide vital insight into the process of language learning.

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Based on the curriculum implemented in Indonesia, one of the speaking lessons which should be mastered by Junior High School students is retelling past events or experiences. Nafisah & Kurniawan (2007) suggest that the students have

to retell the record events or experiences which they have encountered in the past.

Many studies which focused on speaking production only investigate

students' difficulties in speaking on grammatical difficulties. The students'

problems in developing their ideas in speaking production are not fully addressed.

Although grammar also plays important role in students' language, the students'

problems in developing idea in speaking should also be concerned.

To fill the gap and to enrich the information related to the analysis of

students' difficulties, the current research focuses on speaking production

particularly in retelling past experiences. The research is focused on investigating

the generic structures and linguistic features of the students' story, and the

possible causes of the students' errors. In this case, the generic structures of the

text were analyzed by using theory proposed by Emilia (2011). Meanwhile, the

linguistic features of the texts were analyzed by employing transitivity of

Systemic Functional Grammar developed by Halliday (1994). Surface strategy

taxonomy was also applied to categorize the grammatical errors found in the

students' story. To finish the analysis, the teacher's and students' interviews were

coded to discover the possible causes of the students' difficulties.

Hopefully, this research is able to enrich students' knowledge in speaking so

that they are able to speak effectively and accurately, to enrich the literature of

students' speaking production analysis and to help the teachers to investigate

students' difficulties in speaking English. As a result, the researcher comes up

with a research entitled: Students' Difficulties in Retelling Past Experience (A

Case Study at One Private Junior High School in Bandung).

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1.2 Research Questions

As exemplified on the previous section, the current research aims to analyze the

students' difficulties in retelling past experience based on text organization and

linguistic features along with the possible causes of the students' difficulties.

Therefore, the researcher of the present research raised the following research

questions:

1. What are the students' difficulties in retelling past experience?

2. What are the possible causes of the students' difficulties?

1.3 Aims of the Research

In the light of the preceding discussion, this research aimed to:

1. Discover the students' difficulties in retelling past experience based on the

analysis of text organization and linguistic features.

2. Discover the possible causes of students' difficulties based on teacher and

students' perspective.

1.4 Scope of the Research

This present research covers the analysis of students' difficulties in retelling past

experience and the possible causes of the students' difficulties. To discover the

students' difficulties, the current research attempted to analyze the organization of

students' text, linguistic features and grammar. The researcher employed the

theory of recount text organization proposed by Emilia (2011) to analyze

organization of students' text, transitivity of Systemic Functional Grammar by

Halliday (1994) to analyze linguistic features of the text and surface strategy

taxonomy proposed by Dulay, Burt and Krashen (1982) to categorize the

grammatical errors found in the students' story. Besides analyzing the difficulties,

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STUDENTS' DIFFICULTIES IN RETELLING PAST EXPERIENCE: (A Case Study at One Private

Junior High School in Bandung)

the current research also attempted to discover the possible causes of students'

errors, which were analyzed by conducting interview with English teacher and the

students.

The result of the research cannot be generalized for all levels of learners.

However, the result can still be useful for researchers who would like to conduct

such research for different level of learners. The research participants are also

limited with seventh grade students in a private bilingual school in Bandung.

Different geographical and learning context settings may also lead to different

result of the research.

1.5 Significance of the Research

Theoretically, this research is expected to enrich the literature and to provide a

beneficial reference for research related to the analysis of students' difficulties

particularly in speaking production. Some studies have been only analyzing

students' difficulties on grammatical level without concerning on students' text

organization and other linguistic features in order to discover students' difficulties

in developing idea when they retell past experience. This research, however,

analyzed the text organization, linguistic features along with the possible causes

of students' difficulties.

Practically, the result of the research will give information about the

problems which the students face in the development of foreign language mastery

through the analysis of students' difficulties in speaking production. This

information enables teacher to be more focused on students' foreign language

mastery. Moreover, since the participants of the research were seventh grade of

EFL students, the identified errors may propose understanding of the teacher

regarding the students' deficiency of particular aspect during their second

language acquisition development.

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STUDENTS' DIFFICULTIES IN RETELLING PAST EXPERIENCE: (A Case Study at One Private

Junior High School in Bandung)

This research will also contribute to professional development in a form of

providing information in designing an appropriate lesson to cope with the

problems. English teachers will be aware of the students' ability level in

producing foreign language which will enhance their capabilities in teaching

students to speak more accurately and effectively.

1.6 **Clarification of Terms**

Speaking: Speaking can be defined as interactive producing, receiving and

processing information. Its form and meaning depend on the context, including

the participants, experiences, physical environments, and the purpose of speaking

itself (Nunan, as cited in Febriyanti, 2011).

Error: Error is the incurrent use of language system elements which occur when a

learner has not yet understood particular material thoroughly (Ratnah, 2013).

Recount: Recount is a text that retells events happened in the past (Emilia, 2011).

1.7 **Organization of the Paper**

This paper is divided into five chapters as in the following:

Chapter I presents an introduction of the research paper that describes

background, research questions, aims of the research, significance of the research

and scope of the research. The last two subtopics talk about clarification of terms

to define operational terms used in the current research and organization of paper.

Chapter II discusses theoretical foundation of the research which consist of

four theories; speaking, text, systemic functional grammar, and error analysis.

This section also discusses some related previous studies.

Yogi Saputra Mahmud, 2015

STUDENTS' DIFFICULTIES IN RETELLING PAST EXPERIENCE: (A Case Study at One Private

Junior High School in Bandung)

Chapter III presents an explanation of research design to describe the design

conducted in this research to answer research questions, participants of the

research as the source of data in this research, sample, data collection to describe

techniques in collecting data through particular techniques and data analysis

including the description of method used to analyze raw data collected from data

collection phase.

Chapter IV presents the core unit of the research, which elaborates and

discusses the findings with relevant theories. The theories which are elaborated in

this chapter have been previously discussed in the previous chapter.

Chapter V provides conclusion and recommendation based on the findings

toward theoretical, pedagogical and professional significance also tries to answer

the proposed research questions regarding to learners' errors in monologue story

and the possible causes of the errors.