

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

5.1 Conclusion

This present study of turn taking analysis in Indonesia Lawyer Club and Indonesia Lawak Klub finds that conversation principle is applied in the data. The first turn taking element which is analyzed in this present study is the occurrence of turn taking rules in ILK and ILC. Turn taking rule as the most basic principle in conversation occurs in both data. Current Speaker Select the next Speaker rule, Self-Select rule and Current Speaker Continues rule are found in ILC and ILK. The result of turn taking analysis in ILC shows that Current Speaker Select the Next Speaker (CSTNS) rule is the most used rule and ILK mostly used SS rule. The act of select the next speaker and become the person who is selected occur 187 times in ILC and 257 times in ILK. In selecting the next speaker both in ILC and ILK use the same strategy which are using name-addressing, personal pronoun, question and other which is combination of more than one strategy such as name addressing and question.

The second element of turn taking that is analyzed in this present study is overlaps. Overlaps have two types which are divided based on the effect on the current speaker turn. The types are unproblematic and problematic overlaps. In both debate forum unproblematic overlap is found much more than problematic overlap. This result slightly violate the conversation basic principle which is ‘one speaker speaks at a time’. Mostly the occurrences of unproblematic overlap are found in the end of the current speaker’s turn. The next speaker starts talking even before the current speaker stops but not enough to interrupt the current speaker’s turn. Problematic overlap which is well known as interruption is also found in the debate programs but the number of problematic overlaps is less than unproblematic overlaps.

The last turn taking element which is analyzed in this present study is repair. This present study finds that there are 111 repairs made in ILC and 126 repairs made in ILK. The most basic purpose of repair is to correct the mistake. However, it is found that in both debate programs that repair is used to reach different purpose. The analysis of repair in ILC and ILK finds that there three purposes. The first is to correct the mistakes. This mistakes can be in the form mispronounce word or problem at finding the suitable words. The second is to be a tool to defend argument and at the same time repair can also be used to offend someone’s argument. And the last is that repair is used as the tool to insult each other directly or indirectly that create laugh or short comment from the opposite side.

5.2 Suggestion

Conversation analysis has many element and principles that could not analyzed in this study. The turn taking analysis is merely a piece of conversation element. Further research of conversation analysis is necessary in order to complete the data and discover the variety of conversation structure such as how body gesture and intonation can be supporting the turn taking system. To put an end to this present study, the researcher hope that the present research may give some contribution to further research in future.