

ANALISIS STRATEGI ALIH TUTUR PADA PENUTUR NARSISTIK

TESIS

diajukan untuk memenuhi sebagian syarat untuk memperoleh gelar
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ANALISIS STRATEGI ALIH TUTUR PADA PENUTUR NARSISTIK

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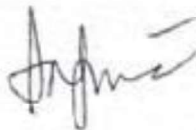
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ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini merupakan analisis percakapan yang mengkaji penggunaan strategi alih tutur oleh penutur narsistik dalam interaksi percakapan alami sehari-hari. Kajian hanya terpusat pada tanda verbal yang digunakan oleh penutur narsistik dalam percakapan. Penelitian ini melibatkan partisipan yang memiliki tingkat narsisisme tinggi berdasarkan pengukuran *Narcissistic Personality Inventory* (Raskin & Terry, 1988) untuk menjadi penutur narsistik. Tujuan dari penelitian ini adalah untuk 1) mengidentifikasi strategi alih tutur yang digunakan oleh penutur narsistik dalam percakapan dan 2) menjelaskan penggunaan strategi alih tutur oleh penutur narsistik dalam percakapan. Penelitian ini menggunakan teori strategi alih tutur dari Stenstrom (1994) dan pendekatan kualitatif deskriptif untuk menganalisis penggunaan strategi alih tutur oleh penutur narsistik dan mengungkap realisasi dari perilaku narsistik dalam penggunaan bahasa. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa penutur narsistik teridentifikasi menggunakan tiga jenis strategi alih tutur, yaitu 1) mengambil giliran bertutur, 2) mempertahankan giliran bertutur, dan 3) menyerahkan giliran bertutur. Penutur narsistik juga teridentifikasi menggunakan beberapa substrategi yang terdapat pada ketiga jenis strategi alih tutur di atas. Penggunaan strategi dan substrategi alih tutur diwujudkan dalam beberapa cara yang berhasil mencerminkan tiga perilaku narsistik, yaitu asertif, percaya diri, dan dominan. Pada konteks-konteks tertentu, ketiga perilaku narsistik tersebut dinilai mengganggu hingga memberikan dampak negatif pada partisipan lain dan jalannya interaksi percakapan.

Kata kunci: analisis percakapan, strategi alih tutur, penutur narsistik

ABSTRACT

This study is a conversation analysis that analyzes the use of turn-taking strategies by narcissistic speakers in natural daily conversation. The study only focuses on analyzing verbal signs that narcissistic speakers use. The participants who take part in this study and become narcissistic speakers are selected from the Narcissistic Personality Inventory (Raskin & Terry, 1988) test and score a high level of narcissism. The purposes of the study are to 1) identify the turn-taking strategies used by narcissistic speakers in conversation and 2) explain the use of the turn-taking strategies by narcissistic speakers in conversation. Stenstrom's (1994) turn-taking strategy theory and qualitative descriptive method are used to achieve the goal of the study and show the realization of narcissistic behaviors in language use. The result shows that narcissistic speakers use three kinds of turn-taking strategies, which are further used in the form of turn-taking substrategies. The turn-taking strategies and their substrategies are used in several ways that manage to reflect three narcissistic behaviors: assertive, confident, and dominant. In certain contexts, those narcissistic behaviors are considered disturbing, which affects other participants and the conversational interaction negatively.

Keywords: *conversation analysis, turn-taking strategies, narcissistic speakers*

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