

## CHAPTER V

### CONCLUSION

This chapter presents the conclusion drawn from the findings and discussion of the study and suggestions for further study. The conclusion section provides brief answer to the research questions and highlight key points emerging from the study. Meanwhile, the suggestion section provides some direction for next researchers who are interested in analyzing power relation reflected in the use of agents in police investigation.

#### 5.1 Conclusion

This research focuses on power relations in police investigations in Indonesia. Specifically, power relations manifested in the agents in Indonesian police investigation. The findings show that agents in an active voice is more commonly appeared than passive or nominalization. Since the agents in active voice is incorporated in positive power, the researcher concludes that the investigators did their best in investigating the interviewees. However, there is still agents in passive which is divided into two types: agent (the emerged agents) and agentless (the deleted agents). When the agents have emerged, it is still included in positive power; nevertheless, when the agents are deleted in passive voice, it is included in one of the language manipulations. Nominalization is identified has a potential sign of manipulation language during police interviews. The researchers then categorize it as negative power. This can make investigators' questions more complex and potentially more difficult for the suspect to comprehend or react to.

However, the agents in active voice, which is classified as a positive power relation, does not always provide positive results; there are those that result in false confessions because they are reinforced by other factors. Furthermore, passive voice, particularly agentless and nominalization, is classified as negative power. For instance, they can lead the listener or reader to the mystification, make the interviewees characterize themselves and their role in an event, possible to make the suspect to be innocent and could be used to conceal the agents of dominant groups in negative acts.

## 5.2 Suggestions

This study has uncovered findings about power relations and police investigations in Indonesia although it is far from complete. There are various flaws in this study that yet leave plenty to be desired. There are also certain things that can be improved with additional investigation. Therefore, the future studies are highly recommended to conduct the same research with different subject or analysis for gain different finding from different perspective. It is suggested accumulate more data or perhaps enhance the data analysis procedures to shape a better representation and understanding.